Data ar	Data and Business Rules – Atrial fibrillation Indicator Set					
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# **New GMS Contract QAIF Implementation**

**Dataset and Business Rules** 

Atrial Fibrillation Indicator Set (AF)

**Wales** 

## **Amendment History:**

Version	Date	Amendment History
25.0W	05-June-2013	Signed off Welsh Government
26.0W	14-August-2013	April 2013 Read Code Release
27.0W		October 2013 Read code Release
28.0W	27-June-2014	2014/15 Business rules update
30.0W	20-November-2014	October 2014 Read code Release
2015-16 1.0W	01-July-2015	2015/16 Business rules update
2015-16 1.1W	17-July-2015	AF006 denominator rules 1&2: value changed from ">2" to ">=2"
2015-16 2.0W	04-Dec-2015	2015/16 October Business rules update
2016-17 1.0W	09-June-2016	2016/17 Business rules update
2017-18 1.0W	01-July-2017	2017/18 Business rules update
2018-19 1.0W	23-July-2018	2018/19 Business rules update
2019-20 1.0	28-Oct-2019	2019/20 Business rules update

#### **New GMS contract QAIF framework implementation**

Dataset and business rules - Atrial fibrillation indicator set

#### **Notes**

- 1) The specified dataset and rulesets are to support analysis of extracted data to reflect the status at a specified point in time of patient records held by the practice. In the context of this document that specified time point is designated the "Reference date" and identified by the abbreviation "REF\_DAT". In interpreting the specification REF\_DAT should be taken to mean midnight of the preceding day (i.e. a REF\_DAT of 01.10.2020 equates to midnight on 30.09.2020).
- 2) To support accurate determination of the population of patients to which the indicators should relate (the denominator population) these rulesets have been compiled with a prior assumption that the reference date is specified prior to extraction of data and is available for computation in the data extraction routine. The reference date will also be required to be included in the data extraction to support processing of rules that are dependent upon it. It is possible that an alternative approach could be adopted in which rules to determine the denominator population by registration status would be applied as a component of rule processing. If this second approach were to be adopted it would be essential to specify default time criteria for determining the registration characteristics of the denominator population during the data extraction process. Additionally there would be a requirement to supplement the dataset and rulesets to support identification of the appropriate denominator population.
- 3) Clinical codes quoted are (where known) from the April 2016 release of Read codes version 2. The codes are shown within the document as a 5 character value to show that the Read Code is for a 5-Byte system.
  - i) Where a "%" wildcard is displayed, the Read Code is filled to 5 characters with full stops. When implementing a search for the Read Code, only the non full-stop values should be used in the search, For example, a displayed Read Code of c1...% should be implemented as a search for c1%, i.e. should find c1 and any of its children.
  - ii) Where a range of Read codes are displayed, the Read Code is filled to 5 characters with full-stops. When implementing the search, only the non full-stop values should be used in the search, For example, a displayed Read Code range of G342. G3z.. should find all codes between G342 and G3z (including any children where applicable).
- 4) Datasets comprise a specification of two elements:
  - a) Patient selection criteria. These are the criteria used to determine the patient population against whom the indicators are to be applied.
    - i) Registration status. This determines the current patient population at the practice.
    - ii) Diagnostic code status. This determines the current patient population (register size) for a given clinical condition.

There are three scenarios within the diagnostic code status, these are where

- There is a single morbidity patient population (disease register) required (e.g. within CHD). Where this occurs, a single set of rules for identifying the patient population is provided.
- There is a single co-morbidity patient population (disease register) required (e.g. within Flu). Where this occurs, a set of rules for **each** morbidity is provided. A patient **must** only be included in the patient population (register size) **once**.
- There are multiple patient populations (disease registers) required (e.g. within Heart Failure). Where this occurs, a single set of rules for **each** patient population is provided.

Where this occurs, details of which register population applies to which indicator(s) are provided. Where the register size applies to an indicator, this is the base denominator population for that indicator.

b) Clinical data extraction criteria. These are the data items to be exported from the clinical system for subsequent processing to calculate points allocations. They are expressed in the form of a MIQUEST "Report-style" extract of data.

The record of each patient that satisfies the appropriate selection criteria for a given indicator will be interrogated against the clinical data criteria (also appropriate to that indicator). A report of the data contained in the selected records will be exported in the form of a fixed-format tabular report. Each selected patient will be represented by a single row in the report, unless the operator "ALL" is used.

The "ALL" statement is used within the Qualifying Criteria for the Clinical data extraction criteria. Typically the selection for a READCODE\_COD cluster field is based on a date of "LATEST" or "EARLIEST". The "ALL" statement is used to select all occurrences of any of the codes within the READCODE\_COD cluster. It selects an array of instances, of which there may be more than one for each patient.

Rows will contain a fixed number of fields each containing a single data item. The number of fields in each row and their data content will be determined by the clinical data criteria. Data items that match the clinical data criteria will be exported in the relevant field of the report. Where there is no data to match a specific clinical criterion a null field will be exported.

- 5) Rulesets are specified as multiple rules to be processed sequentially. Processing of rules should terminate as soon as a "Reject" or "Select" condition is encountered.
- 6) Rules are expressed as logical statements that evaluate as either "true" or "false" The following operators are required to be supported:
  - a) >(greater than) e) AND
  - b) < (less than) f) OR
  - c) = (equal to) g) NOT
  - $d) \neq (not equal to)$

7) Where date criteria are specified with intervals of multiples of months or years these should be interpreted as calendar months or calendar years.

# **Dataset Specification**

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## 1) Patient selection criteria:

## a) Registration status

Current registration status	Qualifying criteria
Currently registered for GMS	Most recent registration date < (REF_DAT)
Previously registered for GMS	Any sequential pairing of registration date and deregistration date where both of the following conditions are met:  registration date < (REF_DAT); and  deregistration date >= (REF_DAT)

# b) Registration status

Code criteria	Qualifying diagnostic codes	Time criteria
Included	Read codes v2	Latest < (REF_DAT)
	G573.%	
	(Atrial fibrillation codes)	
	Read codes v2	Latest < (REF_DAT)
Excluded	212R.	AND > Date of diagnostic code
	(Atrial fibrillation resolved codes)	above

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# 2) Clinical data extraction criteria

<u>Field</u> Number	<u>Field Name</u>	<u>Data item</u>	Qualifying criteria
1	PAT_ID	Patient ID number	Unconditional
2	REG_DAT	Date of patient registration	Latest < (REF_DAT)
		Read codes v2	
3	AFIBEXC_COD	9hF1. 9hF0.	Latest < (REF_DAT)
		(Atrial fibrillation exception reporting codes)	
4	AFIBEXC_DAT	Date of AFIBEXC_COD	Chosen record
		Read codes v2	
5	AFIB_COD	G573.%	Earliest < (REF_DAT)
		(Atrial fibrillation codes)	(1121 _5/11)
6	AFIB_DAT	Date of AFIB_COD	Chosen record
		Read codes v2	
7	XWAR_COD	14LP. TJ42.% (excluding TJ420) U6042 ZV14A, 1Z34., 1Z340, 1Z341, 1Z43., 1Z430, 1Z431	Latest < REF_DAT
		(Warfarin contraindications: persistent)	
8	XWAR_DAT	Date of XWAR_COD	Chosen record

9	TXWAR_COD	Read codes v2  8125. 813E. 8165. 8171. 812R. 813d. 816N. 817A. 812o. 81ES. 81611 817R. 812u. 81H1. 816s. 817V. 81J0., 81HG., 817Z., 81J1., 81HH., 81Za.	Latest < REF_DAT
		(Warfarin contraindications: expiring)	
10	TXWAR_DAT	Date of TXWAR_COD	Chosen record
11	WAR_COD	Read codes v2  bs% 8B2K.  (Warfarin prescription codes)	Latest < (REF_DAT)
12	WAR_DAT	Date of WAR_COD	Chosen record
13	CHAD_COD	Read codes v2  38DE.  (Stroke risk assessment using CHADS2)	Latest < 01/04/2017 AND <= REF_DAT
14	CHAD_DAT	Date of CHAD_COD	Chosen record
15	CHAD_VAL	Value of CHAD_COD	Chosen record

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		Read codes v2	
16	CHA2DS2_COD	38DE0	Latest < REF_DAT
		(Stroke risk assessment using CHA2DS2-VASc)	
17	CHA2DS2_DAT	Date of CHA2DS2_COD	Chosen record
18	CHA2DS2_VAL	Value of CHA2DS2_COD	Chosen record

## **Indicator rulesets**

**Indicator AF001:** The contractor establishes and maintains a register of patients with atrial fibrillation.

The terms of this indicator will be satisfied if the practice is able to produce a data extraction according to the above criteria.

No numerator or denominator determination is required.

Indicator AF006: The percentage of patients with atrial fibrillation in whom stroke risk has been assessed using CHA2DS2-VASc score risk stratification scoring system in the preceding 3 years (excluding those patients with a previous CHADS2 or CHA2DS2-VASc score of 2 or more)

## a) Denominator ruleset

Rule Number	<u>Rule</u>	Action if true	Action if false
1	If <u>CHAD_DAT</u> < ( <u>REF_DAT</u> - 36 months) AND If <u>CHAD_VAL</u> >= 2	Reject	Next rule
2	If <u>CHA2DS2 DAT</u> < ( <u>REF DAT</u> - 36 months) AND If <u>CHA2DS2 VAL</u> >= 2	Reject	Next rule
3	If <u>CHA2DS2 DAT</u> >= ( <u>REF DAT</u> - 36 months)	Select	Next rule
4	If $\underline{REG} \underline{DAT} >= (\underline{REF} \underline{DAT} - 3 \text{ months})$	Reject	Next rule
5	If $\underline{AFIBEXC DAT} >= (\underline{REF DAT} - 15 \text{ months})$	Reject	Next rule
6	If <u>AFIB_DAT</u> >= ( <u>REF_DAT</u> - 3 months)	Reject	Select

## b) Numerator ruleset: To be applied to the above denominator population

<u>Rule</u> number	<u>Rule</u>	Action if true	Action if false
1	If <u>CHA2DS2 DAT</u> >= ( <u>REF_DAT</u> – 36 months)	Select	Reject

<u>Indicator AF007</u>: In those patients with atrial fibrillation with a record of a CHA2DS2-VASc score of 2 or more, the percentage of patients who are currently treated with anticoagulation drug therapy

## a) Denominator ruleset

Rule	<u>Rule</u>	Action if true	Action if false
<u>number</u>			
<u>1</u>	[If <u>CHA2DS2 VAL</u> >= 2] OR	Next rule	Reject
	[If <u>CHA2DS2 DAT</u> = NULL AND		
	If <u>CHAD_DAT</u> ≠ NULL AND		
	If <u>CHAD_VAL</u> >= 2]		
2	If <u>WAR_DAT</u> $>=$ ( <u>REF_DAT</u> $-$ 6 months)	Select	Next rule
<u>3</u>	If $\underline{REG} \ \underline{DAT} >= (\underline{REF} \ \underline{DAT} - 3 \ \text{months})$	Reject	Next rule
4	If <u>AFIBEXC_DAT</u> >= ( <u>REF_DAT</u> – 15 months)	Reject	Next rule
<u>5</u>	If $\underline{AFIB} \ \underline{DAT} >= (\underline{REF} \ \underline{DAT} - 3 \ \text{months})$	Reject	Next rule
<u>6</u>	If XWAR COD = Null AND If TXWAR DAT = Null	Select	Next rule
7	If XWAR COD = Null AND If TXWAR DAT < (REF DAT – 15 months)	Select	Reject

## b) Numerator ruleset: To be applied to the above denominator population

<u>Rule</u> number	<u>Rule</u>	Action if true	Action if false
1	If $\underline{\text{WAR DAT}} >= (\underline{\text{REF DAT}} - 6 \text{ months})$	Select	Reject