

27 October 2025

Dear

## **ATISN 26205 - Llanbedr footbridge**

### **Information requested**

Thank you for your request which I received on 1 October. You asked for:

*Has Gwynedd Council contacted Cadw—either formally or informally—regarding the potential construction of a footbridge next to the listed road bridge over the River Artro in Llanbedr Village, and what has Cadw's response been to the council's traffic management plans?*

*If so, then:*

- 1. What was the council's proposal?*
- 2. When was the first approach to Cadw about this matter made?*
- 3. Any correspondence concerning this matter with Gwynedd Council.*
- 4. All information concerning this matter, held either digitally or on paper. This should include, but not be limited to, notes of conversations both formal and informal, diary entries, minutes of meetings, internal correspondence, and records of any discussions with any third parties other than Gwynedd Council such as community councils, their representatives and individual councillors, county councillors, and community councils or their representatives, or external adviser and consultants and members of the public.*

### **Our response**

The information that you requested is enclosed. I have redacted personal information of individuals under Regulation 13 of the Environmental Information Regulations 2004 and my reasoning for doing so is set out at Annex A.

- Doc 01 - Query from Llanbedr Community Council to Cadw re footbridge
- Doc 02 - Request for translation for response
- Doc 03 - Response to Llanbedr Community Council to Cadw re footbridge

### **Next steps**

If you are dissatisfied with the Welsh Government's handling of your request, you can ask for an internal review within 40 working days of the date of this response. Requests for an internal review should be addressed to the Welsh Government's Freedom of Information Officer at the Information Rights Unit, Welsh Government, Cathays Park, Cardiff, CF10 3NQ or Email: [Freedom.ofinformation@gov.wales](mailto:Freedom.ofinformation@gov.wales)  
Please remember to quote the ATISN reference number above.

You also have the right to complain to the Information Commissioner. The Information Commissioner can be contacted at: Information Commissioner's Office, Wycliffe House, Water Lane, Wilmslow, Cheshire, SK9 5AF. However, please note that the Commissioner will not normally investigate a complaint until it has been through our own internal review process.

Yours sincerely

## Annex A

### Regulation 13 of the Environmental Information Regulations 2004

I have decided to withhold the following information:

Information being withheld	Section number and exception name
Personal information including names, email addresses, car registration plates, phone numbers and images that could identify individuals	Regulation (13) of the Environmental Information Regulations: the information requested includes personal data of which the applicant is not the data subject.

#### Engagement of Regulation 13

Regulation 13 of the EIRs sets out an exception from the duty to disclose if the information requested is personal data protected by the General Data Protection Regulations (GDPR).

Personal data means information which relates to a living individual who can be identified from that data; or from that data and other information which is in the possession of, or is likely to come into the possession of, the data controller.

I consider that information regarding names and emails of individuals in their capacity as employees of the said organisations is personal information.

Guidance from the Information Commissioner's Office states:

- The starting point is to consider whether it would be fair to the data subject to disclose their personal data;
- If disclosure would not be fair, then the information is exempt from disclosure.

I have assessed that the individual concerned would have a reasonable expectation that their personal data would be kept confidential and not disclosed to the world at large. It would be unfair to the individual concerned to release their personal data. Disclosure would give rise to unfair and unwarranted intrusion on the individual's privacy in the circumstances of this case and has the potential to cause unnecessary and unjustified harm to the individual in this case.

Release of this information may also breach article 8 of the European Convention on Human Rights – a right to respect for one's "private and family life, home and correspondence."

I have thus concluded that in in this case, disclosure would not have been within the reasonable expectation of the individual, and the loss of privacy would cause unwarranted distress. It is my view that disclosure of would breach the first data protection principle and thus are exempt from release under regulation 13 of the Environmental Information Regulations 2004.