



# **Gypsy and Traveller Caravan Count: July 2018**

## Key results

On the 19<sup>th</sup> July 2018 there were 1,064 Gypsy and Traveller caravans and 130 sites reported in Wales.

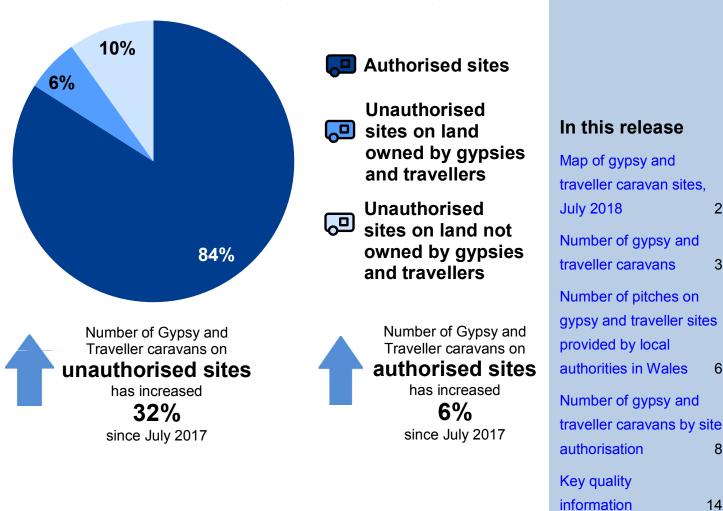
Between the July 2017 and 2018 count, the total number of Gypsy and Traveller caravans has increased by 9 per cent (88 caravans) and the total number of sites (both authorised and unauthorised) increased by 9 per cent (11 sites).

Of the total number of caravans, 84 per cent (894 caravans) were on authorised sites. Of these, 604 (68 per cent) were on Local Authority sites and 290 (32 per cent) were on private sites.

#### 26 September 2018 SFR 84/2018

#### About this release

This release presents the number of Gypsy and Traveller caravans on authorised and unauthorised sites in Wales, and the status of pitches on Local Authority sites.



Gypsy and Traveller Caravans by Type of Site, July 2018

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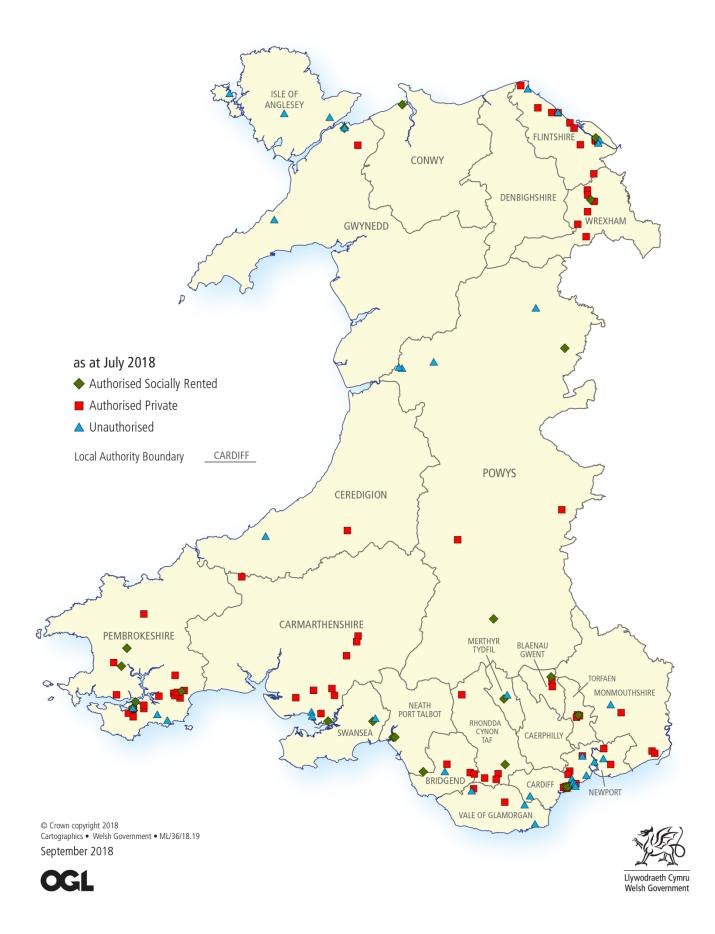
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14



## Gypsy and traveller caravans

#### Table 1: Number of gypsy and traveller caravans on 19 July 2018

Number of Caravans

	Authorised sites (	with planning					
	permissi	on)	Unauthorised sites (without planning permission) Number of caravans on sites				
			Number of cara	avans on sites	on land not	t owned by	
	Number of ca	aravans	on Gypsies	s own land	Gypsies		
	Local Authority	Private	Tolerated	Not tolerated	Tolerated	Not tolerated	All caravans
Isle of Anglesey	0	0	0	0	8	20	28
Gwynedd	13	3	0	0	6	0	22
Conwy	4	0	0	0	0	0	4
Denbighshire	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Flintshire	24	89	17	0	0	0	130
Wrexham	28	9	0	0	0	0	37
Powys	30	2	0	0	11	2	45
Ceredigion	0	5	0	13	0	0	18
Pembrokeshire	98	39	0	2	1	0	140
Carmarthenshire	25	26	0	6	0	0	57
Swansea	15	0	0	0	0	14	29
Neath Port Talbot	99	0	0	0	0	0	99
Bridgend	0	4	0	3	0	0	7
Vale of Glamorgan	0	0	1	0	27	0	28
Cardiff	162	32	0	0	0	1	195
Rhondda Cynon Taf	10	15	0	0	0	0	25
Merthyr Tydfil	28	0	0	0	6	0	34
Caerphilly	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blaenau Gwent	19	5	0	0	0	0	24
Torfaen	49	25	0	0	0	0	74
Monmouthshire	0	5	0	4	0	0	9
Newport	0	31	12	7	5	4	59
Wales	604	290	30	35	64	41	1,064

Source: Gypsy and traveller caravan count, Welsh Government

<sup>1</sup> Alternatively know n as Socially Rented Sites. Includes sites ow ned by Registered Social Landlords StatsWales data

<u>Map 1</u> shows the distribution of sites in Wales on the 19<sup>th</sup> July 2018. It shows the locations of the sites within Local Authorities, as well as whether sites were Authorised Socially Rented, Authorised Private or Unauthorised.

At the time of the July 2018 count, the total number of Gypsy and Traveller caravans in Wales was 1,064. There were 894 caravans on authorised sites with planning permission, accounting for 84 per cent of all caravans. Of these, 604 (68 per cent) were on socially-rented sites and 290 (32 per cent) were on privately-funded sites.

There were 65 caravans on unauthorised sites on land owned by Gypsies and Travellers, accounting for 6 per cent of all caravans. A further 105 caravans (10 per cent of all caravans) were on unauthorised sites not owned by Gypsies and Travellers.

From Table 1, it can be seen that Cardiff, Pembrokeshire and Flintshire had the highest total number of caravans; combined these accounted for 44 per cent of all caravans. Denbighshire and Caerphilly reported having no caravans in the July 2018 count.

In some cases, caravans are on sites which are unauthorised but the Local Authority has decided not to seek removal of the encampment. These are shown in Table 1 as unauthorised sites which are 'tolerated'. 76 caravans were on unauthorised sites that were not tolerated; the largest numbers of these were seen in Isle of Anglesey where there were 20 caravans in July 2018. The Vale of Glamorgan had the most 'tolerated' sites on land not owned by Gypsies and Travellers in July 2018 (27).

See the <u>Key Quality Information</u> section for further background and quality information. More detailed tables are provided on <u>StatsWales</u>. Terms which have a special meaning are explained in the <u>glossary</u>.

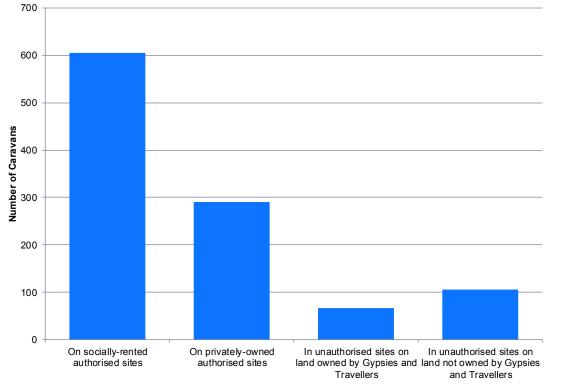
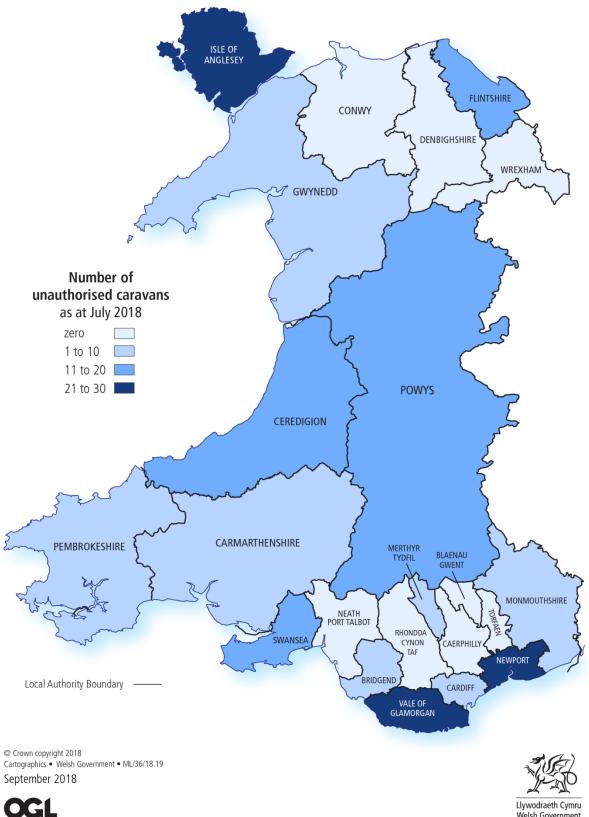


Figure 1: Number of gypsy and traveller caravans on 19 July 2018, by type of site

Source: Gypsy and traveller caravan count, Welsh Government

Map 2: Number of gypsy and traveller caravans on unauthorised sites, 19 July 2018



Llywodraeth Cymru Welsh Government

# Table 2: Number of pitches<sup>1</sup> on gypsy and traveller sites provided by local authorities<sup>2</sup> in Number of pitches<sup>1</sup> Number of pitches Occupied residential Vacant residential Occupied transit Vacant transit Total

	Occupied residential	Vacant residential	Occupied transit	Vacant transit	Total
Isle of Anglesey	0	0	0	0	0
Gwynedd	8	0	0	0	8
Conwy	4	0	0	0	4
Denbighshire	0	0	0	0	0
Flintshire	20	0	0	0	20
Wrexham	15	0	0	0	15
Powys	24	0	0	0	24
Ceredigion	0	0	0	0	0
Pembrokeshire	73	2	0	0	75
Carmarthenshire	15	0	0	0	15
Swansea	7	0	0	0	7
Neath Port Talbot	62	5	0	0	67
Bridgend	0	0	0	0	0
Vale of Glamorgan	0	0	0	0	0
Cardiff	80	0	0	0	80
Rhondda Cynon Tai	f 6	0	0	0	6
Merthyr Tydfil	19	5	0	0	24
Caerphilly	0	0	0	0	0
Blaenau Gwent	19	0	0	0	19
Torfaen	32	1	2	0	35
Monmouthshire	0	0	0	0	0
Newport	0	0	0	0	0
Wales	384	13	2	0	399

Source: Gypsy and traveller caravan count, Welsh Government

<sup>1</sup> One pitch may accommodate multiple caravans

<sup>2</sup> Does not include Authorised Private Sites

StatsWales data

As shown in Table 2, there were 399 pitches on Gypsy and Traveller sites provided by Local Authorities in Wales on the 19<sup>th</sup> July 2018. Of these, 397 were residential pitches and 2 were transit pitches.

Cardiff, Pembrokeshire and Neath Port Talbot had the highest number of pitches provided by Local Authorities (80, 75 and 67 pitches respectively) accounting for over half of the total number of pitches (56 per cent). There were 8 Local Authorities that reported having no pitches on the 19<sup>th</sup> of July 2018.

At the time of the count, 97 per cent of the residential pitches were occupied; this is slightly more than July 2017 when 96 per cent of residential pitches were occupied.

The proportions of pitches that were vacant transit, occupied transit, vacant residential and occupied residential over the last four counts can be seen in <u>Figure 2</u>. Again, the seasonality influences the number of transit pitches available.

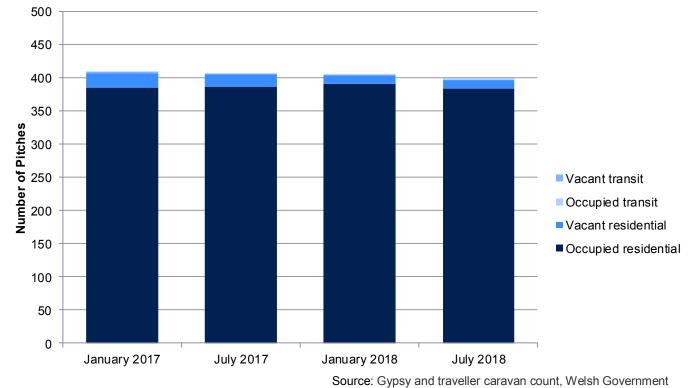


Figure 2: Number of pitches on gypsy and traveller sites provided by local authorities by transit/residential status, Wales – January 2017 to July 2018

Figure 2 shows that between January 2018 and July 2018 there was a slight decrease (7 pitches) in the number of residential pitches, whereas there was no variation in the number of transit pitches.

## Site authorisation

#### Table 3: Number of gypsy and traveller caravans by site authorisation, 2017 to 2018

							Num	ber of caravans
	January 2017		July 2017		January 2018		July 2018	
	Authorised	Unauthorised	Authorised	Unauthorised	Authorised	Unauthorised	Authorised	Unauthorised
	Sites	Sites	Sites	Sites	Sites	Sites	Sites	Sites
Isle of Anglesey	0	9	0	11	0	8	0	28
Gwynedd	15	2	15	3	16	2	16	6
Conwy	4	0	4	0	4	0	4	0
Denbighshire	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Flintshire	90	12	106	6	126	15	113	17
Wrexham	36	0	40	0	36	0	37	0
Powys	28	8	32	7	37	11	32	13
Ceredigion	0	4	0	13	0	4	5	13
Pembrokeshire	144	6	136	7	134	5	137	3
Carmarthenshire	36	6	36	6	52	10	51	6
Swansea	13	5	12	3	13	8	15	14
Neath Port Talbot	103	0	95	0	97	0	99	0
Bridgend	4	0	4	1	4	0	4	3
Vale of Glamorgan	1	19	2	29	1	23	0	28
Cardiff	179	0	184	0	160	0	194	1
Rhondda Cynon Taf	21	0	25	0	24	0	25	0
Merthyr Tydfil	24	7	27	6	34	6	28	6
Caerphilly	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blaenau Gwent	19	7	24	0	23	0	24	0
Torfaen	65	0	71	0	80	0	74	0
Monmouthshire	5	4	3	4	5	4	5	4
Newport	34	24	31	33	34	27	31	28
Wales	821	113	847	129	880	123	894	170

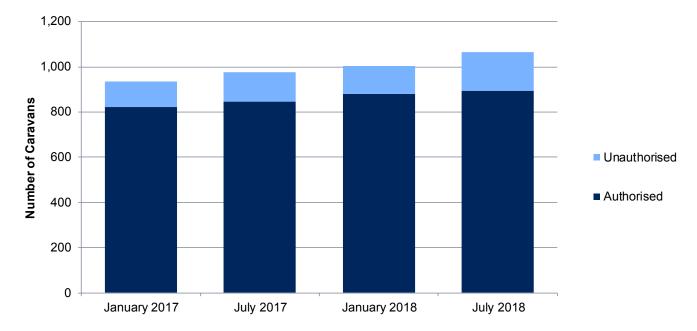
#### StatsWales data

Source: Gypsy and traveller caravan count, Welsh Government

Table 3 shows that on the 19<sup>th</sup> July 2018, Cardiff had the highest total number of caravans with 195, only one of which was on an unauthorised site. Pembrokeshire had the second highest number with a total of 140 caravans.

The Isle of Anglesey and Vale of Glamorgan did not provide authorised sites, so in those Local Authorities all caravans were on unauthorised sites. Denbighshire and Caerphilly also did not provide authorised sites, but there were no caravans in these Local Authorities at the time of the count. In contrast, all the caravans in Conwy, Wrexham, Neath Port Talbot, Rhondda Cynon Taf, Blaenau Gwent and Torfaen were on authorised sites.

Overall, 16 per cent of caravans in Wales were on unauthorised sites. This is a greater proportion than in the July 2017 count (13 per cent).



### Figure 3: Number of caravans by site authorisation, Wales – January 2017 to July 2018

Source: Gypsy and traveller caravan count, Welsh Government

Across the latest four counts shown in Figure 3, July 2018 had the highest total number of caravans, with 1,064. January 2017 had the lowest total across the four counts with 934.

When comparing the July 2017 and July 2018 counts across the whole of Wales, the number of caravans on authorised sites has increased by 6 per cent (47 caravans) and the number of caravans on unauthorised sites has increased by 32 per cent (41 caravans).

	January 2017		July 2017		January 2018		Number of sites July 2018	
	Authorised Sites	Unauthorised Sites	Authorised Sites	Unauthorised Sites	Authorised Sites	Unauthorised Sites	Authorised Sites	Unauthorised Sites
Isle of Anglesey	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	3
Gwynedd	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	2
Conwy	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
Denbighshire	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Flintshire	8	4	10	3	11	4	12	4
Wrexham	5	0	5	0	7	0	7	0
Powys	4	3	4	2	4	4	4	4
Ceredigion	0	2	0	2	0	2	1	1
Pembrokeshire	20	4	20	4	20	4	21	3
Carmarthenshire	10	2	10	2	10	3	10	2
Swansea	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1
Neath Port Talbot	3	0	3	0	3	0	3	0
Bridgend	3	0	3	1	3	0	3	1
Vale of Glamorgan	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
Cardiff	6	0	6	0	3	0	6	1
Rhondda Cynon Taf	5	0	5	0	5	0	5	0
Merthyr Tydfil	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Caerphilly	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blaenau Gwent	1	1	2	0	2	0	3	0
Torfaen	4	0	4	0	4	0	4	0
Monmouthshire	2	1	2	1	3	1	3	1
Newport	6	8	6	9	6	10	6	8
Wales	84	31	87	32	88	34	95	35

#### Table 4: Number of gypsy and traveller sites by authorisation, 2017 to 2018

#### StatsWales data

Source: Gypsy and traveller caravan count, Welsh Government

As seen in Table 4, there were 130 Gypsy and Traveller sites in Wales in July 2018; an increase of 8 sites from January 2018. 95 of these were authorised (73 per cent) and 35 were unauthorised (27 per cent).

Compared to July 2017, there were 8 more authorised sites and 3 more unauthorised sites.

Across the four counts seen in Table 4, July 2018 has the highest total number of sites.



Figure 4: Number of gypsy and traveller sites by authorisation, 2008 to 2018<sup>1</sup>

Source: Gypsy and traveller caravan count, Welsh Government

<sup>1</sup>This figure is based on the all Wales totals for each count and hence, as not every Local Authority submitted data for each count, caution should be exercised when drawing comparisons across years. Note that in particular, 2010 had a low response rate with 7 Local Authorities not responding in the January count and 4 not responding in the July count. <u>StatsWales data</u>

Figure 4 shows the historic trend of the number of Gypsy and Traveller sites by authorisation.

In general, the number of authorised sites has increased faster than the number of unauthorised sites. While there has been an increase of 74 sites (132 per cent) since July 2008, only nine of these were unauthorised sites. The apparent drop in the number of sites in 2010 should however be interpreted with caution. In particular, 7 Local Authorities did not respond in the January 2010 count and this may contribute to the fluctuations seen in Figure 4.

## Glossary

#### Caravans

A 'caravan' can include any of the following:

- mobile homes, caravans, trailers and other living-vehicles on Gypsy or Traveller sites and encampments, whether or not they meet the strict legal definition of a caravan;
- touring caravans on Gypsy or Traveller sites and encampments even if not lived in permanently;
- tents, benders or yurts where these are the 'permanent' living accommodation of Gypsies or Travellers.

#### **Gypsies and travellers**

For the purposes of this release 'Gypsies and Travellers' include Traditional and Ethnic Gypsies and Travellers or members of non-traditional New Traveller groups who live in caravans or other moveable dwellings whether or not they meet the strict legal definition of a 'Gypsy' or 'Traveller'. The caravan count is not designed to be an estimate of the Gypsy or Irish Traveller population in Wales.

#### Local Authority sites

Sites operated by Local Authorities or Registered Social Landlords (RSLs) to accommodate Gypsies and Travellers.

#### Not tolerated

A 'not tolerated' encampment is one where: the Local Authority or police are using, or are preparing to use, their powers under the Criminal Justice and Public Order Act 1994 to remove the encampment, or where the landowner (including the Local Authority) has instigated, or is preparing to instigate, action either through the courts or under common law rights to regain possession of the land.

#### Pitch

A pitch, also referred to as a plot, will vary according to the size of the occupant household. One pitch can accommodate multiple caravans.

#### **Privately funded sites**

Privately Funded Gypsy and Traveller sites with planning permission may include:

- sites with planning permission owned by Gypsies and Travellers for their own and/or their family's occupation and/or for commercial letting;
- sites owned by any other private individual or body with planning permission for use as a Gypsy or Traveller site;
- sites owned by a Local Authority but leased to, or managed by, a non-Local Authority body or individual under arrangements which do not give the Local Authority control of site management (critically of rent setting and lettings).

'With planning permission' may be interpreted to include sites without 'planning permission' as such, but with established use rights or other planning status which means that planning enforcement action cannot be taken.

#### Tolerated

A 'tolerated' encampment is one where the Local Authority and/or the land owner have decided not to seek the removal of the encampment, and where the encampment has been or is likely to be 'tolerated' for an indefinite period of months or years.

#### Unauthorised sites on Gypsies or Travellers own land

Unauthorised sites where Gypsies and Travellers are living on their own land in caravans/moveable dwellings without planning consent or established use rights. Such sites may vary in size and in the extent to which the land has been 'developed' with roadways, distinct plots, hard-standings, amenity blocks etc.

#### Unauthorised sites on land not owned by Gypsies or Travellers

Caravans/moveable dwellings on sites without planning permission on land not owned by Gypsies or Travellers. The land may be in public or private ownership, including the highway.

## **Key Quality Information**

Official Statistics are produced to high professional standards set out in the Code of Practice for Official Statistics. They undergo regular quality assurance reviews to ensure that they meet customer needs. They are produced free from any political reference.

Note that the information collected as part of the count is outside the scope of National Statistics.

#### **Timeliness and punctuality**

The count is carried out on a specified date in January and July each year, giving a snapshot of the number and location of caravans on the specific date. The data is published ten weeks after the reference period, this allows time to collect, collate and validate the data.

#### Accessibility and clarity

This statistical first release is pre-announced and then published in the Statistics and Research section of the Welsh Government website. It is accompanied by more detailed tables on <u>StatsWales</u>, a free to use service that allows visitors to view, manipulate, create and download data.

#### **Relevance to users**

The bi-annual counts of Gypsy and Traveller caravans and families were reintroduced in Wales in July 2006 following recommendations from the <u>Review of Service Provision for Gypsies and</u> <u>Travellers</u> (pdf), carried out by the Welsh Government's Equality of Opportunity Committee in 2003, and the Welsh Government's review of the Accommodation Needs of Gypsies and Travellers in Wales undertaken by Pat Niner of Birmingham University 2006.

The commencement of section 101 of the Housing (Wales) Act 2014 requires Local Authorities to carry out an assessment of the accommodation needs of Gypsies and Travellers residing in or resorting to their area.

Since January 2011, the counts have been conducted by the data collection team within the Welsh Government. Previous data collections had been conducted by the Department for Communities and Local Government (DCLG).

The caravan count does not estimate the number of Gypsy and Travellers in need of sites. Evidence suggests that many people identifying as 'Gypsy or Irish Travellers' live in homes that are not mobile structures.

Further information from the 2011 Census on Gypsy and Travellers accommodation for England and Wales is available from the <u>ONS website</u>.

The count is used when assessing bids from local authorities for the Gypsy and Traveller Sites Capital Grant. Some of the other uses include:

- monitoring of progress towards targets
- policy development
- advice to Ministers
- informing debate in the National Assembly for Wales and beyond.

There are a variety of users of the Gypsy and Traveller Caravan Count statistics, including national and local government, researchers, students, as well as individual citizens with an interest in the count.

#### Accuracy

The data contained in this release is collected from information reported by Local Authorities. In July 2018, data was submitted by 21 of the 22 Local Authorities in Wales. Data for Monmouthshire was obtained from the All Wales Online Caravan Count System (see page 16 for further details).

In general, the response and quality of the count can be affected by the following factors:

- Local Authorities not completing their returns.
- inadequate counting practices.
- geography particularly in large rural areas which require correspondingly large resources to map all sites.
- gypsy and traveller mistrust.
- the counts are voluntary, with no rewards to Local Authorities completing their returns or penalties for those that fail to do so.
- the caravan count for Wales in this statistical release was conducted on the same day as the Department for Communities and Local Government (DCLG) conducted the caravan count for England (29<sup>th</sup> January 2018). This is to avoid double counting caravans travelling between Wales and England.

#### Symbols

The following symbols may have been used in this release:

- . Not applicable
- .. Not available
- ~ Not yet available
- \* Disclosed or not sufficiently robust for publication
- p Provisional
- r Revised

#### Comparability and coherence

Meaningful comparisons of total figures for Wales over time are limited by Local Authorities who do not take part in the count. It is therefore advised that comparisons over time should only be made for Local Authorities that have taken part in all relevant counts.

Data for the Gypsy and Traveller Caravan Count is subject to seasonality. To compare figures over time it is advised to look at the winter and summer counts each year separately. The count takes place twice a year to reflect winter residence and summer travelling trends and changes. Previous

years figures indicate the number of unauthorised caravans are higher during the summer (July) count.

Equivalent information for England is available via the <u>Department for Communities and Local</u> <u>Government (DCLG) website</u>. The date for collection is arranged with the Department for Communities and Local Government and, where possible, is the same for England and Wales.

#### Revisions

We follow the Welsh Government's statistical revisions policy.

#### Related statistics for other UK countries

Caravan Count Statistics for other UK countries is available at the following links:

Department for Communities and Local Government in England.

<u>The Scottish Government</u> collects and publishes information on travellers in Scotland. In particular, a recent review of the evidence base is available. <u>Information on traveller accommodation in Northern</u> <u>Ireland</u>.

#### All Wales Online Caravan Count System

The Welsh Government has developed a new online caravan count system which allows Local Authorities to log unauthorised encampments as they occur and record authorised sites. The new and traditional caravan count systems have run concurrently since July 2016 and ongoing reconciliation is being undertaken to ensure robust data is recorded in the new system.

## Well-being of Future Generations Act (WFG)

The Well-being of Future Generations Act 2015 is about improving the social, economic, environmental and cultural well-being of Wales. The Act puts in place seven well-being goals for Wales. These are for a more equal, prosperous, resilient, healthier and globally responsible Wales, with cohesive communities and a vibrant culture and thriving Welsh language. Under section (10)(1) of the Act, the Welsh Ministers must (a) publish indicators ("national indicators") that must be applied for the purpose of measuring progress towards the achievement of the Well-being goals, and (b) lay a copy of the national indicators before the National Assembly. The 46 national indicators were laid in March 2016.

Information on the indicators, along with narratives for each of the well-being goals and associated technical information is available in the <u>Well-being of Wales report</u>.

Further information on the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015.

The statistics included in this release could also provide supporting narrative to the national indicators and be used by public services boards in relation to their local well-being assessments and local wellbeing plans.

## **Further details**

This release is available at:

http://gov.wales/statistics-and-research/gypsy-traveller-caravan-count/?lang=en

## StatsWales tables

Caravan Count data are available on StatsWales:

- Number of Caravans by authorisation and Local Authority from July 2006 to July 2018.
- Number of pitches by residential status, occupied status and Local Authority July 2010 to July 2018.
- Number of sites by authorisation and Local Authority July 2007 to July 2018.

## Next update

April 2019 (Provisional)

## We want your feedback

We welcome any feedback on any aspect of these statistics which can be provided by email to: <a href="mailto:stats.inclusion@gov.wales">stats.inclusion@gov.wales</a>

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